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program instructions to explain why the intermediary's determination of the amount of program reimbursement for the period differs from the amount the provider claimed. The notice must also inform the provider of its right to an intermediary or Board hearing (see §§ 405.1809, 405.1811, 405.1815, 405.1835, and 405.1843) and that the provider must request the hearing within 180 days after the date of the notice.

(c) Use of notice as basis for recoupment of overpayments. The intermediary's determination contained in its notice is the basis for making the retroactive adjustment (required by §413.64(f) of this chapter) to any program payments made to the provider during the period to which the determination applies, including recoupment under §405.373 from ongoing payments to the provider of any overpayments to the provider identified in the determination. Recoupment is made notwithstanding any request for hearing on the determination the provider may make under §405.1811 or §405.1835.

[48 FR 39834, Sept. 1, 1983, as amended at 49 FR 322, Jan 3, 1984; 51 FR 34793, Sept. 30, 1986; 61 FR 63748, Dec. 2, 1996]

§ 405.1804 Matters not subject to administrative and judicial review under prospective payment.

Neither administrative nor judicial review is available for controversies about the following matters:

- (a) The determination of the requirement, or the proportional amount, of any budget neutrality adjustment in the prospective payment rates.
 - (b) The establishment of-
 - (1) Diagnosis related groups (DRGs);
- (2) The methodology for the classification of inpatient discharges within the DRGs; or
- (3) Appropriate weighting factors that reflect the relative hospital resources used with respect to discharge within each DRG.

[49 FR 322, Jan. 1, 1984]

§ 405.1805 Parties to intermediary determination.

The parties to the intermediary's determination are the provider and any other entity found by the intermediary

to be a related organization of the provider under §413.17 of this chapter.

[48 FR 39835, Sept. 1, 1983, as amended at 51 FR 34793, Sept. 30, 1986]

§ 405.1807 Effect of intermediary determination.

The determination shall be final and binding on the party or parties to such determination unless:

- (a) An intermediary hearing is requested in accordance with §405.1811 and an intermediary hearing decision rendered in accordance with §405.1831; or
- (b) The intermediary determination is revised in accordance with §405.1885; or
- (c) A Board hearing is requested in accordance with §405.1835 and a hearing decision rendered pursuant thereto.

§ 405.1809 Intermediary hearing procedures.

- (a) Hearings. Each intermediary must establish and maintain written procedures for intermediary hearings, in accordance with the regulations in this subpart, for resolving issues that may arise between the intermediary and a provider concerning the amount of reasonable cost reimbursement, or prospective payment due the provider (except as provided in § 405.1804) under the Medicare program. The procedures must provide for a hearing on the intermediary determination contained in the notice of program reimbursement (§ 405.1803), if the provider files a timely request for a hearing.
- (b) Amount in controversy. In order for an intermediary to grant a hearing, the following dates and amounts in controversy apply:
- (1) For cost reporting periods ending prior to June 30, 1973, the amount of program reimbursement in controversy must be at least \$1000.
- (2) For cost reporting periods ending on or after June 30, 1973, the amount of program reimbursement in controversy must be at least \$1000 but less than \$10,000

[48 FR 39835, Sept. 1, 1983, as amended at 49 FR 323, Jan. 1, 1984]